



Material closed-cell PU elastomer

(polyurethane)

Colour green

#### Standard delivery dimension

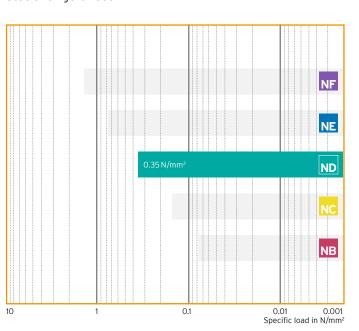
Thickness: 12.5 mm / 25 mm Roll: 1.5 m wide, 5.0 m long

Strip: up to 1.5 m wide, up to 5.0 m long

Other dimensions, punched and molded parts on request.

Range of use	Compressive load	Deformation
	shape factor-dependent, values apply to shape factor q = 3	
Static range of use (static loads)	up to 0.35 N/mm²	approx. 10 %
Dynamic range of use (static plus dynamic loads)	up to 0.50 N/mm²	approx. 17 %
Load peaks (occasional, brief loads)	up to 4.2 N/mm²	approx. 50 %





Material properties		Test methods	Comment
Mechanical loss factor	0.08	DIN 535131	temperature-, frequency-, specific load- and amplitude-dependent
Rebound resilience	70 %	EN ISO 83071	
Compression hardness <sup>3</sup>	0.34 N/mm <sup>2</sup>	EN ISO 8441	at 10 % linear compression, 3 <sup>rd</sup> load cycle
Compression set <sup>2</sup>	<5%	EN ISO 1856 <sup>1</sup>	50% deformation, 23°C, 72 h, 30 min after removal of load
Static modulus of elasticity <sup>3</sup>	3.01 N/mm <sup>2</sup>		at specific load of 0.35 N/mm²
Dynamic modulus of elasticity <sup>3</sup>	3.42 N/mm <sup>2</sup>	DIN 535131	at specific load of 0.35 N/mm², 10 Hz
Static shear modulus	0.38 N/mm <sup>2</sup>	DIN ISO 18271	at a pretension of 0.35 N/mm²
Dynamic shear modulus	0.55 N/mm <sup>2</sup>	DIN ISO 18271	at a pretension of 0.35 N/mm², 10 Hz
Min. tensile stress at rupture	2.40 N/mm <sup>2</sup>	EN ISO 527-3/5/5001	
Min. tensile elongation at rupture	300%	EN ISO 527-3/5/5001	
Abrasion <sup>2</sup>	≤ 500 mm³	DIN ISO 46491	load 10 N
Coefficient of friction (steel)	0.7	EN ISO 82951	dry, static friction
Coefficient of friction (concrete)	0.7	EN ISO 82951	dry, static friction
Coefficient of friction (wood)	0.5	EN ISO 82951	dry, static friction
Specific volume resistance	>10¹0 Ω·cm	EN IEC 62631-3-11	dry
Thermal conductivity	0.11 W/(mK)	EN 12667	
Temperature range	-30°C to 70°C		short term higher temperatures possible
Flammability	class E	EN ISO 11925-2	normal combustible, EN 13501-1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Measurement / evaluation in accordance with the relevant standard

All information and data is based on our current knowledge. The data can be applied for calculations and as guidelines, are subject to typical manufacturing tolerances and are not guaranteed. Material properties as well as their tolerances can vary depending on type of application or use and are available from Getzner on request.

Further information can be found in VDI Guideline 2062 (Association of German Engineers) as well as in glossary. Further characteristic values on request.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The measurement is performed on a density-dependent basis with differing test parameters

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Values apply to shape factor q = 3

# Sylodyn<sub>®</sub> ND

#### Load deflection curve

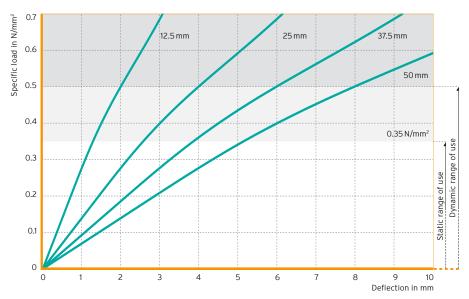


Fig. 1: Quasi-static load deflection curve for different bearing thicknesses

Quasi-static load deflection curve measured with a loading rate of 0.035 N/mm<sup>2</sup>/s.

Testing between flat and plane-parallel steel plates, recording of 3<sup>rd</sup> load, with filtered starting range in accordance with ISO 844, testing at room temperature.

Parameter: thickness of the Sylodyn® bearing

Shape factor q = 3

# Modulus of elasticity

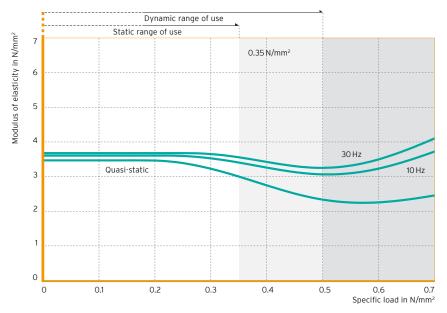


Fig. 2: Load dependency of the static and dynamic modulus of elasticity

Quasi-static modulus of elasticity as tangential modulus from the load deflection curve. Dynamic modulus of elasticity from sinusoidal excitation with a velocity level of  $100 \, \text{dBv}$  re.  $5 \cdot 10^{-8} \, \text{m/s}$  corresponding to a vibration amplitude of  $0.22 \, \text{mm}$  at  $10 \, \text{Hz}$  and  $0.08 \, \text{mm}$  at  $30 \, \text{Hz}$ .

Measurement in accordance with DIN 53513

Parameter: frequency

Shape factor q = 3



## **Natural frequency**

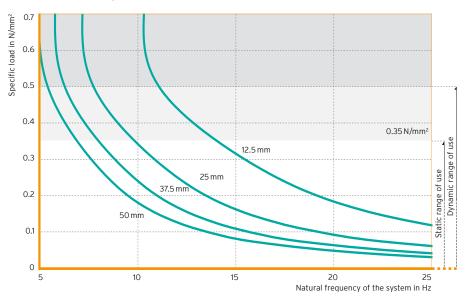


Fig. 3: Natural frequencies for different bearing thicknesses

Natural frequencies of a vibratory system with a single degree of freedome, consisting of a mass and an elastic bearing made of Sylodyn® ND on a rigid surface.

Parameter: thickness of the Sylodyn® bearing

Shape factor q=3

# Vibration isolation efficiency

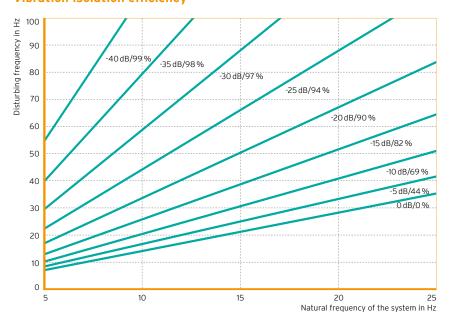


Fig. 4: Factor of transmission and isolation rate

Reduction of the transmitted mechanical vibrations by implementation of an elastic bearing consisting of Sylodyn® ND based on a stiff subgrade.

Parameter: factor of transmission in dB, isolation rate in %



### Influence of the shape factor

The graphs show the material properties at different shape factors.

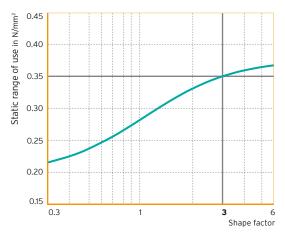


Fig. 5: Static range of use in relation to the shape factor

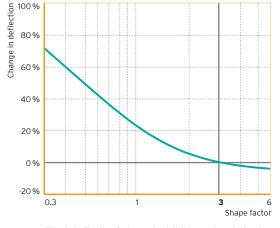


Fig. 6: Deflection <sup>4</sup> at constant thickness in relation to the shape factor

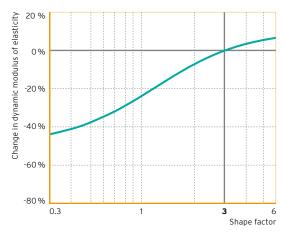


Fig. 7: Dynamic modulus of elasticity  $^{\rm 4}$  at 10 Hz in relation to the shape factor

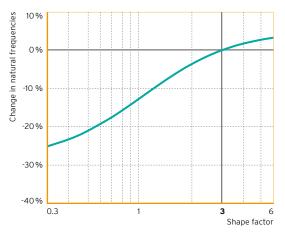


Fig. 8: Natural frequency 4 at constant thickness in relation to the shape factor

Material properties can be determined using the online calculation program FreqCalc. The program can be accessed via www.getzner.com (registration necessary).



 $<sup>^4</sup>$  Reference values: specific load 0.35 N/mm $^2$ , shape factor q=3